A guide for women who had DIEP, latissimus dorsi with a tissue expander or implant, or two-stage implant based breast reconstruction surgery

Read this booklet to learn:

• How to care for yourself at home
• What exercises to do to help you relax and ease pain
• How scar massage can help
• How to save energy

I had this type of breast reconstruction surgery. Please check ✓ box below.

☐ DIEP (see page 1)
☐ Latissmus dorsi flap with a tissue expander (see page 2)
☐ Latissmus dorsi flap with an implant (see page 2)
☐ Two-stage implant using tissue expander and/or implant (see page 2)
☐ Single stage implant based reconstruction using AlloDerm (see page 3)
There are different types of breast reconstruction surgeries.

Please follow the instructions for the type of surgery you had.

Follow these instructions if you had a DIEP breast reconstruction

**When can I return to work?**

Most people are able to return to work in 6 to 8 weeks.

**What activities are safe?**

**For the first 2 weeks after surgery:**
- Only do light self-care activities such as showering, brushing your hair, walking and dressing.
- Only move your arms as high as your shoulders.

**After 2 to 6 weeks:**
- You can do more self-care activities. Do not push yourself. Always listen to your body.

**Up to 12 weeks:**
- You may slowly return to your usual everyday activities
- No heavy lifting of more than 5 kilograms (10 pounds)
- You may begin to do abdominal (stomach) workouts
- You may slowly increase in weights
Follow these instructions if you had a:

- Latissimus dorsi flap with a tissue expander or implant based reconstruction
- Two-stage implant based reconstruction using the tissue expander and/or implants

**When can I return to work?**

Most people are able to return to work 3 to 4 weeks after the latissimus dorsi flap and 2 to 3 weeks after the tissue expander/implant based reconstruction.

**What activities are safe?**

For the first 2 weeks after surgery:

- Only do light self-care activities such as showering, brushing your hair, walking and dressing.
- Only move your arms as high as your shoulders.

After 2 to 6 weeks:

- You can do more self-care activities. Do not push yourself. Always listen to your body.
- No heavy lifting of more than 5 kilograms (10 pounds) for 4 to 6 weeks.

After 6 weeks:

- You may slowly return to your usual everyday activities
- NO upper chest strengthening exercises during the recovery and expansion phase.

**My tissue expander inflation appointments**

2 to 3 weeks after having the tissue expander inserted you will need to come into clinic for tissue expander inflations. You will need to come once a week or once every 2 weeks for 6 to 8 weeks. During these appointments the doctor will expand the pocket and skin.

NO heavy lifting on the day of the expansion and 1 day after the expansion appointment.

You may feel some tightness and pressure after the expansion. To help relieve pain you can take Tylenol or Advil (acetaminophen and ibuprofen) before or after the expansion.
Follow these instructions if you had a single stage implant based reconstruction using AlloDerm

**When can I return to work?**

Most people are able to return to work 2 to 4 weeks after their surgery.

**What activities are safe?**

**For the first 2 weeks after surgery:**
- Only do light self-care activities such as showering, brushing your hair, walking and dressing.
- Only move your arms as high as your shoulders.

**After 2 to 6 weeks:**
- You can do more self-care activities. Do not push yourself. Always listen to your body.
- No heavy lifting of more than 5 kilograms (10 pounds) for 4 to 6 weeks.

**After 4 to 6 weeks:**
- You may slowly return to your usual everyday activities
Exercises to do after your surgery

After breast reconstruction surgery it is normal to feel stiff in your back, chest, shoulders and arms.

Do the exercises in this pamphlet to help you get back to your everyday life. These exercises are part of your recovery and can help you:

✓ get back full movement of your shoulder
✓ ease stiffness
✓ lower swelling
✓ be more independant as you do more of your everyday activities

How to do the exercises

• Start the exercises slowly so that you don’t get tired or hurt yourself.
• Exercise 2 to 3 times every day.
• Do each exercise 5 to 10 times, unless you were given other instructions. If it is too difficult to get through the entire set of exercises, start by doing each exercise less than 5 to 10 times but exercises more than 2 to 3 times each day.
• Hold each stretch for 3 to 5 deep breaths.
• Avoid forcing any movements
• Abdominal (stomach) exercises will start when your plastic surgeon feels you are ready. This is normally 12 weeks after your surgery.

Before starting any exercise

Check with your surgeon before starting any stretches or strengthening exercises after surgery. Look for this symbol to see how long you need to wait before starting an exercise.

Talk to your health care team if you are not sure.
You may have some swelling or puffiness in your hand or arm on the side(s) of your surgery. This is normal and will usually go away by itself.

**Try these exercises to help lower swelling in your hand or arm:**

- Raise your arm above your head several times a day while you do hand pumps. Slowly open and close your fist 10 times. The raising and pumping actions of the muscles help gravity to drain the fluid out of the arm.

- You may also keep your arm raised a few times a day for about 20 minutes. To raise your arm while sitting, or while lying on your back or your side, rest your arm on a few pillows next to you. Your arm should be raised higher than your heart.

See the pictures below for how you can use pillows to support your arm.

If the swelling continues and does not go down in 4 to 6 weeks, speak to your doctor.
Do these exercises starting the day of surgery and first day after surgery (can be started when drains are in):

Deep breathing and coughing to keep lungs working properly

Deep breathing will help you with your exercises and make it easier to relax. Deep breathing exercises can help to keep your lungs clear, control pain and help you feel less stressed and worried. They take time and practice to get right.

1. Start this exercise as soon as you wake up from surgery.
2. Put your palms on your stomach.
3. Slowly, breathe deeply through your nose, allowing the stomach to get bigger.
4. Breathe out slowly through pursed lips (lips closed as though sucking a straw) to make your stomach flat. Then cough deeply.
5. If your incision (cut) is on your stomach, you may place a pillow on your stomach and press to make it more comfortable to cough.
6. Take a short rest or break.
7. Repeat 5 times with a short rest between each breath so you don’t get dizzy.

Leg exercises to get the blood moving in your legs

Ankle pumping

Move your ankles up and down. Rest. Then move them in circles. Repeat 10 times every hour.

Knee bends

Bring your knee to your chest. Repeat this exercise 10 times every hour.
Other exercises

Making a fist or ball squeeze
1. Open and close your fist 10 times every hour during the day. Try using a soft squeeze ball or sponge in your hand.

Shoulder rolls
1. Sit in a comfortable upright position.
2. Raise your shoulders up toward your ears. Bring your shoulder blades together at the back (roll shoulders backwards).
3. Lower your shoulders, and relax.
4. Repeat, rolling shoulders forward.

Head turning and tilting
1. Stretch your neck as tall as possible, keeping your chin in.
2. Turn your head slowly, looking over each shoulder as far as you comfortably can.
3. Tilt your head to one side and then the other. Bring your ear as close to your shoulder as you comfortably can.

External rotation
1. Sit or stand.
2. Keep your upper arms close to your sides and elbows at right angles.
3. Turn your forearms outwards so that your palms are facing forward while keeping elbows at your side.
Shoulder circles

1. Swing your arms from your shoulders in circles.
2. As your arm relaxes, make bigger circles, but don’t push yourself.
3. Do the same actions but in the opposite direction.
4. Swing your whole arm from left to right
5. Make sure that you are using your shoulder to swing your arm and not your elbow.

The following exercises can be done with or without drains:

Back climb exercise

⚠️ Start this exercise 3 weeks after your surgery. Do not start before 3 weeks.

1. Place your hands behind your back.
2. Hold the hand of your affected arm and slide your hands up against the centre of your back.
3. Hold the stretch.
4. Lower your arms slowly.

Elbow push-back

⚠️ Start this exercise 3 weeks after your surgery. Do not start before 3 weeks.

1. Stand against a wall or lie on your back.
2. Place your fingers behind your neck.
3. Bring your elbows forward.
Start these next exercises (wall, forward lifting, lifting to side and chest wall stretch) **3 weeks after your surgery**. Do not start before 3 weeks.

**Wall exercises**

1. Stand facing a wall.
2. Slide or walk your fingers up the wall. Hold the stretch.
3. Slide your fingers down the wall.
4. Do not arch your back or raise your shoulder just to get the arm to go higher.
5. Try to reach a little higher each time. As you get better, move your feet and body closer to the wall.
6. Now turn sideways with your affected side (the side with your incision) toward the wall.
7. Follow the same directions as for facing the wall. Make sure that your arm is moving straight out from your side.

![Wall exercises diagram](image1)

**Forward lifting**

1. Lie on your back and hold the stick (you can use a cane or metre stick) with both hands, with your palms down and arms shoulder width apart.
2. Keeping your elbows straight, raise the stick over your head until you feel a pulling feeling.
3. Hold the stretch for 3 to 5 deep breaths.

![Forward lifting diagram](image2)
Lifting to side

1. Lie on your back and hold the stick with both hands, with your palms down and arms shoulder width apart.
2. Raise the stick up in front of you
3. Move the stick toward the side that you had your surgery.
4. When you begin to feel a pulling feeling, hold the stretch for 3 to 5 deep breaths.

Chest wall stretch

This exercise helps stretch your chest.

1. Stand facing a corner with your toes about 8 to 10 inches (about a foot’s length) from the corner.
2. Bend your elbows and put your arms and palms on the wall, one on each side of the corner. Your elbows should be as close to shoulder height as possible.
3. Keep your arms and feet in place and move your chest toward the corner. You will feel a stretch across your chest and shoulders.
4. Hold the stretch for 3 to 5 deep breaths.
5. Repeat this exercise with your arms raised higher than shoulder once you become more comfortable.

Scar massage

Begin scar massage 3 weeks after your surgery and after your incisions (cuts) are completely healed. It softens and loosens the scar, and helps you to move your shoulder again. If your scar feels tight or itchy or the area is very sensitive, a scar massage may also help. Remember to protect your scars from direct sunlight as they are healing.

To massage your scar:

1. Put a small amount of vitamin E or oil ointment (such as coconut oil or bio oil) on the scar.
2. Place two fingers or your thumb right on the scar.
3. With firm but gentle pressure move your fingers along the scar in an up and down zig-zag pattern. Move in one direction and then back in a circular motion.
4. Do this 2 to 3 times a day for 2 to 3 minutes.
Remember: Do the scar massage before you do the exercises. If you are not sure, ask your surgery nurse, or physical or occupational therapist if you are doing the massage properly.

What if I feel discomfort or pain?

Feeling some discomfort when you exercise is normal. You should feel pulling or stretching. You should not feel any strong pain that shoots down the arm or continues after you’ve done the exercises.

If the exercises are very painful or uncomfortable to do, take a break. Try not stop exercising completely. Start slowly again and build your ability to keep doing the exercises one step at a time.

What if I feel very tired?

For more information about about relaxation classes:

- Pick up the “Patient Education & Survivorship Calendar of Events” from the Princess Margaret Patient & Family Library (main floor)
- Go to www.theprincessmargaret.ca Click on “see Calendar” under “Classes & Activities” and search for these classes
- Speak to a health care professional for information about relaxation sessions in the community.

Resources for more information

Find pamphlets on www.uhnpatienteducation.ca

- How to Manage Your Fatigue CCO
- Helpful Hints for Better Sleep
- Relaxing Exercises to Relieve Stress
- Using Your Energy Wisely